

Efficiency Improvements Through Streamlining Maintenance Processes

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Technologies Available to Control Emissions at Biomass Power and Pellet Production Facilities



Mainte nance

Consul ting

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Agenda

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- 2. Maintenance Planning
 - 1. Planning of Pellet Plants
 - 2. Maintenance Schedule and Tasks
- 3. Maintenance Optimization
 - 1. Planned and unplanned Downtimes
 - 2. Optimization Process
 - 3. Optimized Maintenance Plan
- 4. Case Studies
- 5. Conclusions





1. Bathan AG



Bathan AG's ceramic technology outpaces technology leaders in industrial lubrication. Under pressure, ceramic particles fill micro-cracks and, by thermoplastic levelling, smoothen friction peaks. Coated surfaces have lower friction and less wear.

- 95% reduced grease consumption
- temperature decrease
- longer lifetime of components
- lower risk of downtimes
- operating & maintenance cost reduction



2.1 Planning of Pellet Plants



The goal is to produce wood pellets in adequate quality with an acceptable production rate at reasonable costs. Plant design is vital.



2.2 Maintenance Schedule & Tasks



Daily check: Moisture control Visual inspection of die Visual inspection of rollers

Grease pump control Gear control

Quality control

before moistening and after maturing vessel
honeycombing, micro cracks, wear, foreign material
adjustment, wear, temperature 120 to 150°C
(250 to 300°F)
fill level, grease pressure, air pressure

oil pressure (1 to 5 bar), oil filter, oil cooler below 65°C (150°F), volume (oil level glass) pellet quality, abrasion, length, moisture, bulk weight, density



2.2 Maintenance Schedule & Tasks



Weekly Check:

Hammer mill control Conditioner and feeder Moisturizer control Pellet mill control wear of sifters and hammers, clean magnet clean thoroughly, check magnetic separator check calibration, recalibrate if necessary clean feed chutes and sifters, clean crumbler, collector, fan, exhaust, and roto shaker check sharpness

Knifes

Control tonnage reports and hours run to plan maintenance.



2.2 Maintenance Schedule & Tasks



Monthly check:

die and roller control Gear control Conveyors control Other

wear pattern, leakages, micro cracks, clearance
wear, leakages, micro cracks, (belts if existing)
lubrication, wear, belts
e.g. lubrication pipelines, Oil and
oil filter changes (according to
manufacturer specifications)

Evaluate productivity and costs. Exercise die and roller change to ensure short maintenance downtimes!



3.1 Planned & unplanned Downtimes Aktiengesellschaft

Downtimes are a bottle neck and an opportunity.

Planned Downtimes:

Planned maintenance tasks

Failure \rightarrow fix the problem

Overhaul by service engineer

Unplanned Downtimes: *depending on the reason*

Plan Chance Efficiency

Other (weather, material) \rightarrow according to time available

3.2 Optimization Process





- By assessing the status quo, weaknesses become visible.
- Ask a third party to get a different perspective (organizational blindness).
- Work with your own team of experts to find opportunities, then ask other professionals.
- Put your plans into action!
- Implement a continuous optimization process to remain excellent.

3.3 Optimized Maintenance Plan



Paying attention to refurbishing rollers and using high-quality lubricants increases lifetime of components, and leads to efficient maintenance plans with less downtimes.

Tripling of bearing lifetime causes two fewer downtimes and decreases working hours and spare part costs.



4. Case Study 1 - Tschopp



Swiss Pellet Producer, CPM, 60'000t annual production

Status Quo: 1'000 operating hours lifetime of bearings Temperature Ø 115 °C (240 °F)

Changes: Ceramic grease, new distance rings

Improvement:95% less grease consumptionup to 9'000 operating hours lifetime of bearingsTemperature decrease by 10 °C (50 °F)Savings of approx. 100'000 CHF (100'000 \$)

Tschopp Holzindustrie AG

4. Case Study 2 – MAK Holz



Austrian Pellet Producer, CPM, 30'000t annual production

Status Quo: 1'000 operating hours lifetime of bearings

Changes: Ceramic grease, moving pre-lubrication of bearings, cautious assembly of dies and rollers, two piece die instead of one piece die

Improvement:



95% reduction in grease consumption Quadrupled lifetime of bearings Improved lifetime of die Savings of approx. 25'000 EUR (28'500 \$)

4. Case Study 3 - Schwaiger



German HD-Pellet Producer, CPM, 200'000t annual production

Status Quo: 1'200 operating hours lifetime of bearings

Changes: Ceramic grease, rollers from Bathan AG and inhouse refurbishing

Improvement:



95% less grease consumption4'000 operating hours lifetime of bearingsSavings of approx. 125'000 EUR (140'000 \$)

4. Case Study 4 – Schmidt Energie



Austrian Pellet producer, CPM, 20'000 t annual production

Status Quo: Very high grease consumption, 1'500 operating hours lifetime of bearings

Changes: Ceramic grease, bearings from Bathan AG

Improvement:95% less grease consumption3'500 operating hours lifetime of bearingsHOLZHOFSavings of approx. 25'000 EUR (28'500 \$)

5. Conclusions



- Preventative Maintenance is better than cure
- External professionals can offer a different perspective
- Attention to quality of roller refurbishment pays off
- High-quality lubricants help improve performance
- Even small changes can have a huge impact



Thank You!

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